



Risk Management



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Asia Aviation is aware and realises the importance of risk management in order to achieve effectiveness and efficiency in the Management of the Company and its subsidiary and to promote confidence among stakeholders. However, as Asia Aviation operates its business by holding shares in Thai AirAsia therefore, risk management system has been established for Thai AirAsia which is its subsidiary, with details as follows:

Thai AirAsia's Board of Directors has approved the policy and guideline in risk management for each department to adopt in evaluating, analysing, ranking, and setting direction and strategy to manage risks, along with setting scopes and responsibilities of each relevant department with details of policy, process, risk management framework, as follows:

Principle and Policy

1. Thai AirAsia is aware that risk is the main factor in business operation from setting the strategy and business plan, to daily business operation. The Company aims to manage risks to the acceptable level and uses resources in an effective and efficient manner.
2. Risk management is part of the organisation culture that is communicated and assigned to the Management and all employees to realise its importance, and to participate in all the process of risk management.
3. The Management and employees jointly identify, evaluate, and set up risk management semi-annually.
4. Risk Management Committee and Audit Committee evaluate the framework for risk management annually and prepare a report.
5. Each step of risk management shall be reported in writing.

Framework for Risk Management

1. Roles and responsibilities of each unit on risk management include:
 - Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer identify direction and strategy, and set up structure and overall environment for the Company to support risk management effectively. Board of Directors also evaluates risk assessment and risk management plan, and approves the operation according to plan.
 - Risk Management Committee specifies risk management policy to cover all risks in management, considers and approves risk management plan, establish working groups and evaluates, assesses, monitors, reports systematically, and recommends risk management process to each unit, and constantly monitors and reports the results to the Audit Committee.

- Audit Committee examines the risk management to ensure that risks are managed and controlled effectively and at the acceptable level.
- Internal Audit Department examines the internal control system in the area related to risks specified by the Management as significant, examines the overall risk management procedure, and prepares all the results for report to the Company's Board of Directors, Audit Committee, and other relevant unit.
- Process owners identify, analyse, manage and evaluate risks in their own areas of responsibilities.

2. The aim is to summarise the principle and process adopted by Thai AirAsia in managing risks by jointly apply the policy and process for risk management to identify and manage risks that have the tendency to affect the efficiency and growth of Thai AirAsia.

3. Risk management process includes setting up objectives, goals, and strategies for risk identification, risk assessment, risk evaluation, risk management, and risk monitoring and reporting.

The operation has followed the framework for risk management under the international standards set by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) as follows:

1. Considering the characteristics of existing or future risks by identifying events or risk factors that may affect or contribute to the achievement of the organisation's and operational goals appropriately by considering risks from the internal operation, laws, society, politics, and external environment, and assigning all departments to identify and categorise risks systematically, and monitoring changes and reporting to the Management or relevant party regularly.

2. Evaluating risk by specifying criteria for evaluation at each level appropriately at the organisational and operational level, and qualitatively and quantitatively evaluating level of risk by considering both acceptable and unacceptable risks in two aspects, which are the impact of the risk taking place and the possibility of the risk for taking place by specifying the level of risk as high, medium or low.

3. Setting strategy to respond to risk at each level and overall risk by avoiding, reducing, averting, and accepting risk, to ensure that all alternatives are efficiently and worthily considered by managing the high risk first to reduce the possibility and impact of the risk.

4. Each department heads controls, evaluates, and monitors results of risk management to keep it to the acceptable and appropriate level, and regularly revises changes or increases of risks in a risk evaluation report to the Senior Management.

5. Risk Management Committee follows up on the success of risk management by considering the plan of the Management who responsible for risk factors and the result of the credible evaluation from operation. In each meeting, Risk Management Committee assigns the responsible Management to report the result of risk management for the Audit Committee's acknowledgement.